Miracle Flights and Affiliate (A Nonprofit Organization)

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

(With Report of Independent Auditors' Thereon)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Miracle Flights and Affiliate

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Miracle Flights, Inc. (a nonprofit organization) and affiliate, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of April 30, 2021, and the related consolidated statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Miracle Flights, Inc. and affiliate as of April 30, 2021, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 9 to the financial statements, Miracle Flights and Affiliate is a defendant in a lawsuit arising from a dispute regarding compensation and benefits package to which the Organization's retired CEO and her husband are entitled. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.



Report on Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplemental schedules beginning on page 17 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

RBSM LLP Henderson, NV

RBSM LLP

March 21, 2022

MIRACLE FLIGHTS AND AFFILIATE (A NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION APRIL 30, 2021

ASSETS

Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	700,700
Cash - with donor restrictions		34,635
Accounts receivable		10,561
Investments in marketable securities		41,208,956
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		703,997
Land, building and equipment, net	- Carrier	9,770,009
Total assets	\$	52,428,858

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	79,806
Accrued liabilities		343,621
Secured line of credit		950,000
Prepaid rent		50,752
Tenant security deposits		37,085
Total liabilities	23033310	1,461,264
Net assets		
Without donor restrictions		50,932,959
With donor restrictions	*00:01 200:0200	34,635
Total net assets		50,967,594
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	52,428,858

MIRACLE FLIGHTS AND AFFILIATE (A NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

	Without Donor Restrictions		th Donor trictions		Total
Revenues, and other support					
Contributions	\$	417,660	\$ 15,000	\$	432,660
In-kind contributions		627,401	, - ,		627,401
Special events		3,871	-		3,871
Rental income		1,638,256	-		1,638,256
Total support		2,687,188	15,000		2,702,188
Net assets released from restrictions		-	-		-
Functional expenses					
Program services			A33410000000		
Program services		2,068,037	 374		2,068,411
Total program services		2,068,037	374		2,068,411
Supporting services					
Fundraising		205,740	**************************************		205,740
Management and administrative		651,030			651,030
Total supporting services		856,770	-		856,770
Total functional expenses		2,924,807	 374		2,925,181
Building expenses	·	1,201,609	 		1,201,609
Total expenses		4,126,416	374		4,126,790
Other income (expense):					
Investment income, net of fees		644,798	-		644,798
Other income/ (expense)		(16,041)	=		(16,041)
Interest expense		(6,878)	€		(6,878)
Realized gain on investments		1,894,676	-		1,894,676
Unrealized gain on investments		6,985,614	 <u>_</u>		6,985,614
Total other income		9,502,169	5 01		9,502,169
Change in net assets		8,062,941	14,626		8,077,567
Net assets, May 1, 2020	G-A	42,870,018	 20,009	S	42,890,027
Net assets, April 30, 2021	\$	50,932,959	\$ 34,635	\$	50,967,594

MIRACLE FLIGHTS AND AFFILIATE (A NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES (EXCLUSIVE OF BUILDING EXPENSES) FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

-	Program Services Supporting Services							
_	Flights			Fundraising		nagement and dministrative	Total Expenses	
Bank and credit card fees	\$	935	\$	87	\$	225	\$	1,247
Dues and subscriptions		-		-		38,545		38,545
Fundraising, public relations/advertising		38,071		99,711		43,510		181,292
Grants awarded		150,000		<u>=</u>		<u>=</u>		150,000
Insurance		-		=		24,034		24,034
Direct mail				25,794		-		25,794
Meals and entertainment		1,267		=		543		1,810
Office supplies		33,789		3,154		8,109		45,052
Postage		4,248		396		1,020		5,664
Professional fees and services		140,439		-		327,690		468,129
Salaries, wages and benefits		801,271		74,785		192,305		1,068,361
Telephone		10,885		1,016		2,612		14,513
Travel resources		878,967		-		7-		878,967
Vehicle		8,539		797		2,049		11,385
Depreciation		_	10000000	-		10,388		10,388
Total functional expenses	\$	2,068,411	\$	205,740	\$	651,030	\$_	2,925,181

MIRACLE FLIGHTS AND AFFILIATE (A NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Increase in net assets	\$	8,077,567
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net		
assets to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation		485,620
Unrealized gain on securities		(6,985,614)
Realized gains on sale of securities		(1,894,676)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		(-,,,
Accounts receivable		13,275
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(248,906)
Accounts payable		18,350
Accrued liabilities		272,124
Prepaid rent		(2,793)
Tenant security deposits		3,550
Net cash provided in operating activities	1	(261,503)
Not eash provided in operating derivities		(
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of fixed assets		(290,446)
Sale of securities		17,084,105
Purchase of securities	Укранический с	(18,538,359)
Net cash provided by investing activities		(1,744,700)
Cash flows provided by financing activities:		
Proceeds from secured line of credit		600,000
Net cash provided by financing activities		600,000
Net change in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents		(1,406,203)
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents as of May 1, 2020		2,141,538
2		
Cash, restricted cash and cash equivalents as of April 30, 2021	\$	735,335
Supplemental Cash Flow Information Cash paid for:	\$	6 878
Cash paid for: Interest	\$	-
Taxes		
100 (100 M (100		

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization – The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the consolidated accounts of Miracle Flights (hereinafter referred to as "MF") and MFFK Holdings, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as "Holdings"). Such consolidated group is collectively referred to as Miracle Flights and Affiliate (hereinafter referred to as the "Organization"). The consolidated financial statements have been presented on a consolidated basis due to common management and board.

Miracle Flights was founded in 1985 and is a nonprofit organization operating under the laws of the state of Nevada. During February 2016, MF amended the articles of incorporation to change its name from Miracle Flights for Kids, Inc. to Miracle Flights. Its mission is dedicated to helping low income and very sick children and their families overcome financial obstacles that prevent them from accessing proper medical care and second opinions. MF flies children and their families who are struggling with serious cancers and other debilitating diseases to specialized medical treatment centers across the United States. Children and their families needing medical treatment or seeking a second opinion not available in their own hometown are eligible to apply for a miracle mission. To date, the Organization has provided more than 144,000 nationwide airline flights to facilitate urgent medical care for those in need.

On May 14, 2013, the Organization formed MFFK Holdings, Inc., a nonprofit under the laws of the state of Nevada. The sole purpose is to hold commercial real estate property located in Las Vegas, Nevada. On June 28, 2013, Holdings purchased, for cash, two commercial properties for the total of \$10.9 million with the intent of leasing out office space. MF relocated to these facilities in January 2014.

<u>Principles of consolidation</u> – The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of MF and Holdings. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

<u>Basis of accounting</u> – The consolidated financial statements of the Organization have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Basis of presentation – The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to not-for-profit organizations, principally the recommendations of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) ASC 958, Financial Statements of Non-Profit Organizations. Under ASC 958 as amended on ASU 2016-14, the Organization is required to report information regarding its financial position and changes in financial position according to two classes of net assets; net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions.

Net assets and changes in net assets are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Net assets without donor restrictions represent net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of the Organization. These net assets may be used at the Organization's discretion.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Net assets with donor restrictions represent net assets which are subject to donor-imposed stipulations and whose use is restricted by time and/or purpose. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature; those restrictions will be lifted pursuant to certain actions of the Organization or by the passage of time and are presented as purpose restricted. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, whereby the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity.

When a donor restriction expires, such as when a stipulated time restriction ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

All restricted support is reported as an increase in net assets with donor restrictions, based on the nature of the restriction. All unrestricted support is reported as an increase in net assets without donor restrictions.

Operations and financial liquidity of assets — The organization has \$700,700 of cash and cash equivalents as well as marketable securities that can be readily liquidated, all of which are available to meet the organization's anticipated cash demands for operations for the forthcoming year. The majority of the cash receipts originate from the donations from individuals and other organizations. The related allocation of fees are paid subsequent to the collection of the donation. At times the company may invest funds in short term certificates of deposits and marketable securities which are in excess of its anticipated cash flow budget for the next ninety days. Funds received with donor specific restriction purposes are normally expended in the year for that designated purpose.

Currently the board of directors has deemed that the cash and cash equivalents on hand as of April 30, 2021 of \$700,700 is sufficient in the event of a financial distress of immediate liquidity need resulting from events outside the typical life cycle of collecting donations and settling financial liabilities.

<u>Use of estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Revenue</u> – Contributions received are recorded as without donor restrictions or with donor restrictions depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restrictions.

Contributions are recorded when they are received. Promises to give (pledges) are recorded at their net present value when collection of the gift is reasonably assured. Contributions are without donor restrictions unless specifically restricted by the donor.

Miracle Flights owns an office building and collects rents from tenants. Revenues are recognized in the period in which the property was rented and is done on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

<u>Donated Services and Materials</u> – Donated services are recognized as in-kind donations if the services create or enhance nonfinancial assets or require specialized skills, are performed by people with those skills, and would otherwise be purchased by the Organization.

<u>Functional allocation of expenses</u> – The cost of providing various programs and other activities has been summarized on a functional basis in the Statements of Activities and Functional Expenses. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services based on management's estimate of the benefit to the related program and supporting service and certain expenses are allocated to program, general and administrative, and fundraising based on a percentage of utilization. The allocation of expenses at April 30, 2021 were allocated approximately 70% to programs, 24% to support services, and 6% to fundraising expenses.

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u> – Cash and cash equivalents include all cash balances in the banks and brokerage accounts. The accounts are maintained by institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. At various times the organization maintains cash in financial institutions in excess of amounts insured by the federal government. As of April 30, 2021 there was \$181,523 of cash held in excess of the FDIC insurable limits. The Organization has not experienced any losses in these accounts.

<u>Investments & Annuities</u> – Marketable equity securities and other investments are stated at their fair value, which is determined by quoted market prices. Net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments, which consists of the realized gains or losses and the unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on these investments, is included in investment income (loss) in the statement of activities, net of fees.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

<u>Fixed Assets</u> – Fixed assets are stated at cost, if purchased, or fair market value, if donated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives ranging from five to thirty-nine years. The Organization capitalizes all fixed assets over \$500 with an estimated useful life greater than five years. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed, the costs and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in the statement of activities for the period. The cost of maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred, while significant renewals and betterments are capitalized.

The Organization periodically evaluates whether events and circumstances have occurred that may warrant revision of the estimated useful life of fixed assets or whether the remaining balance of fixed assets should be evaluated for possible impairment. The Organization uses an estimate of related undiscounted cash flows over the remaining life of the fixed assets in measuring their recoverability.

<u>Fair value of financial instruments</u> – The financial instruments of the Organization include cash equivalents, mutual funds, and equities, accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The fair value hierarchy under U.S. GAAP distinguishes between assumptions based on market data (observable inputs) and an entity's own assumptions (unobservable inputs). The hierarchy prioritizes valuation inputs into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market. Each fair value measurement is reported in one of three levels:

Level one - Unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level two – Inputs are based upon quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities; and

Level three – Unobservable inputs developed using estimates and assumptions, which are developed by the reporting entity and reflect those assumptions that a market participant would use. The Organization has determined the estimated fair values of its financial instruments using available market information and commonly accepted valuation methodologies. However, considerable judgment is required in interpreting market data to develop the estimates of fair value. Accordingly, the Organization's estimates are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that it, or holders of the instruments, could realize in a current market exchange. The use of different assumptions or valuation methodologies could have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts.

Investments totaling \$41,208,956 are based on information available as of April 30, 2021. Current estimates of fair value could differ significantly from the amounts presented.

Fair Value Measurements at April 30, 2021 Using:

Assets:	Total Carrying	Quoted Marked	Significant Other	Significant		
	Value as of	Prices in Active	Observable Inputs	Unobservable		
	04/30/2021	Markets (Level 1)	(Level 2)	Inputs (Level 3)		
Investments in marketable securities Total	\$ 41,208,956	\$ 37,079,654	<u>-0-</u>	\$ 4,129,302		
	\$ 41,208,956	\$ 37,079,654	<u>-0-</u>	\$ 4,129,302		

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

The following are what make up the balance in level 3:

Private Equity Core Funds

Private Equity Core Fund (QP) VII (Offshore), L.P. and Private Equity Core Fund (QP) VIII (Offshore), L.P. (the "Partnership") were formed on September 20, 2016 and August 16, 2018, respectively, pursuant to and in accordance with the Cayman Islands Exempted Limited Partnership Law and commenced operations on October 1, 2016 and December 16, 2018, respectively. The General Partner of each Partnership is 50 South Capital Advisors, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Northern Trust Corporation and an investment advisor registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

Private Equity Core Funds IV, VII and VIII are illiquid alternative investments. For these investments, there is no redemption process. Rather, the investor participates in the lifecycle of the fund. There can occasionally be an opportunity for a private transaction on the secondary market.

The average life cycle for a private equity fund is around 12 years from inception to close (when any remaining commitments have been cancelled and the full value of the fund has been distributed).

The Organization has committed \$1,800,000 to PE VII, \$1,000,000 to PE VIII and \$750,000 to PE IV, which \$697,770, \$641,400 and \$709,125 of the commitment remains outstanding, respectively.

Alpha Core Strategies Fund

Alpha Core Strategies Fund (the "Fund") is a Delaware statutory trust and is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), as a closed-end, diversified management investment company. 50 South Capital Advisors, LLC ("50 South") serves as the Fund's investment manager. 50 South is a wholly owned direct subsidiary of Northern Trust Corporation ("NTC"), and is registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment adviser. Northern Trust Securities, Inc. ("NTSI"), a subsidiary of NTC, serves as the placement agent for the Fund.

The Alpha Core Strategies Fund (Hedge) can be redeemed under the following parameters:

- 60 day notice required with quarterly (i.e. calendar quarter-end) liquidity
- No redemption fee
- 95% of value is paid out within a few weeks of quarter-end
- Remainder (holdback) is paid once audit is complete for the fiscal year

The fair value is \$2,314,723 and \$80,000 awaiting settlement.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

Level 3 Fair Value Measurements at April 30, 2021:

	Pri	vate Equity Core	Pr	ivate Equity Core	Private Equity Core	Alpha Core	
	Fu	nd (QP) VII	Fu	nd (QP) VIII	Fund IV	Strategies	Total
	(Ot	fshore) L.P.	(O	ffshore) L.P.	(Offshore) L.P.	Fund	
Beginning balance	\$	1,005,728	\$	183,684	\$ -	\$ 1,903,856	\$3,093,268
Gain or (loss)		137,076		15,096	6,640	410,867	569,679
Purchases		-			-	-	-
Sales		=.		Ψ.	=	_	-
Settlements		.		-	=	80,000	80,000
Transferred into level 3 – capital calls		178,380		167,100	40,875		386,355
	\$	1,321,184	\$	365,880	\$ 47,515	\$ 2,394,723	\$4,129,302

^{*} Gain or (loss) mixed into unrealized investment loss line on Statement of Activities.

 $\frac{Income\ taxes}{Income\ taxes}-The\ Internal\ Revenue\ service\ has\ determined\ that\ MF\ and\ Holdings\ are\ charitable\ organizations\ exempt\ from\ federal\ income\ taxes\ under\ sections\ 501(c)(3)\ and\ 501(c)(2),\ respectively,\ of\ the\ IRC.\ Federal\ information\ returns\ for\ years\ prior\ to\ fiscal\ 2018\ are\ no\ longer\ subject\ to\ examination\ by\ tax\ authorities.$

<u>Advertising costs</u> – Advertising costs incurred in the normal course of operations are expensed accordingly. There was \$27,797 in advertising costs for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2021.

New Accounting Pronouncement – In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), which increases transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. This guidance requires lessees to recognize lease assets and liabilities for most leases classified as operating leases under previous U.S. GAAP. The standard has been delayed and is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. Early adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not been previously issued. The Organization is assessing the potential effect this guidance may have on their financial statements and will implement for Fiscal year ending April 30, 2022.

On September 17th, 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-07 on Topic 958, Presentation and Disclosures by Notfor-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets. The FASB ASU requires nonprofit organizations to change their financial statement presentation and disclosure of contributed nonfinancial assets, or gifts-in-kind. The FASB issued the update in an effort to improve transparency in reporting nonprofit gifts-in-kind. The FASB ASU requires the new standard to be applied retrospectively, with amendments taking effect for annual reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021, and interim periods within annual reporting periods beginning

^{*} Funds were changed from level 1 to level 3 because funds were used to purchase level 3 investments.

^{*} Fair market value for level 3 investments is based on prices from an external manager or other-directed pricing source. Management reviews fair value monthly to make sure the investments are performing up to expectations.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

after June 15, 2022. The ASU does allow for early adoption. The Organization has not yet adopted the provisions of ASU 2020-07.

The Organization is currently evaluating the effect these updates will have on its financial statements.

2. LAND, BUILDING, AND EQUIPMENT, NET

As of April 30, 2021, land, building, and equipment consisted of the following:

Buildings and Improvement	\$ 10,684,300
Furniture and Fixtures	107,181
Computers and Equipment	35,568
Box Truck	16,429
	10,843,478
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (2,870,988)
The extrapolation of the extra	7,972,490
Land	 1,797,519
	\$ 9,770,009

The depreciation expenses for the year ended April 30, 2021 is \$485,620.

3. INVESTMENT IN MARKETABLE SECURITIES

Investment in marketable securities consists of the following at April 30, 2021:

Securities, beginning of year	\$ 30,874	,412
Sale of securities and other	(17,084	4,105)
Purchase of securities	18,538	3,359
Net realized gain of securities	1,894	1,676
Net unrealized gain of securities	6,985	5,614
	\$ 41.208	8 956

4. IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS

As of April 30, 2021, the Organization received \$627,401 of in-kind donations, which consist primarily of donated flights, flight resources and ground transportation. These services have been reported as revenue without donor restrictions and the related in-kind expenses have been included in program services-in-kind and fundraising services-in-kind.

5. CONTRIBUTIONS

As of April 30, 2021, the Organization received \$432,660 of contributions, which consist primarily of direct public support of \$145,431, federal and other grants of \$271,943, restricted grants of \$15,000, fundraising of \$and special events and carnivals of \$4,157. Contributions of \$15,000 have been reported as revenues with donor restrictions. Contributions of \$417,660 have been reported as revenues without donor restrictions.

6. NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS

Net assets with donor restrictions of \$34,635 at April 30, 2021 are restricted for flight costs associated with a specific city or state in the United States of America.

7. CONCENTRATIONS

Cash

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk consist principally of cash deposits. Accounts at each institution are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") up to \$250,000. At April 30, 2021, the Company had \$181,523 in excess of the FDIC insured limit.

Leases - Rental Income

Holdings leases space to thirteen tenants (including MF), with three tenants representing 22%, 13%, and 11%, respectively, of the total rental income.

8. RENTAL ASSETS

Holdings, as lessor, maintains long-term operating lease agreements with unaffiliated lessees related to its investment in real estate properties expiring at various dates through 2026. The following is a schedule of approximate future minimum rents receivable under non-cancelable leases that have initial or remaining terms in excess of one year as of April 30, 2021:

April 30, 2022	\$ 1,102,653
April 30, 2023	723,374
April 30, 2024	235,679
April 30, 2025	11,116
100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	\$ 2,072,822

9. LEGAL MATTERS

On June 26, 2015, MFFK filed suit against Med Lien Management, Inc., ("Med Lien") and its two principals, Brad Esposito and Lincoln Lee, as a result of their default on a \$2.2 million dollar loan obligation. Pursuant to a Lending Agreement dated April 30, 2013, MFFK agreed to loan Med Lien \$2,200,000 in exchange for Med Lien's repayment of the money plus interest, for a total repayment obligation of \$3,520,000. The Lending Agreement was secured by a Promissory Note and Assignment of Liens. Both principals, Lee and Esposito expressly agreed to personally guaranty Med Lien's obligations under the Lending Agreement and Promissory Note. Med Lien borrowed funds from MFFK with the express written understanding that it would make six interest only payments of \$220,000 each, at six month intervals beginning October 30, 2013, with the final repayment of the principal amount of \$2,200,000 due on April 30, 2016. As collateral for the Lending Agreement, Med Lien executed a written agreement providing for the assignment of numerous medical liens in the event of a default. Med Lien made the first three interest payments but failed to remit the \$220,000 due on April 30, 2015.

During the course of Christiansen Law Office's ("CLO") prosecution of the state court breach of contract action against Med Lien, Esposito and Lee, discovery revealed that the original \$2.2 million dollar loan was induced by fraud and further involved self-dealing and breaches of fiduciary duties by MFFK former Board Member, Michael McDonald. Additionally, the named Defendants had co-mingled funds with various sham alter ego

LEGAL MATTERS (cont.)

entities. Accordingly, MFFK filed an Amended Complaint to add causes of action against McDonald, Southern Nevada Medical Associates ("SNMA"), Critical Care Medical Consultants ("CCMC") and Quality Care Medical ("QCM").

On May 19, 2016, the district court issued an order striking the answers of Esposito and Med Lien and subsequently held an evidentiary hearing to determine the amount of damages. On May 19, 2016, the court entered its Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order, holding the Defendants jointly and severally liable for Breach of Contract, Breach of the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing, Fraud in the Inducement, Unjust Enrichment, Declaratory Relief, Accounting, Fraudulent Misrepresentation and/or Concealment, and Fraudulent Conveyance/Transfer. On June 22, 2016, a Judgment was entered in favor of MFFK and against Defendants for each and every cause of action (independently and severally), resulting in an award of \$2,782,096 in compensatory damages. Each of the Defendants was also assessed \$100,000 in punitive damages for a total award to MFFK in the amount of \$2,982,096. The financial solvency of both debtors however, is questionable at best and thus, CLO cannot determine the likely amount of total recovery based upon the judgment.

MFFK also brought claims under its Directors and Officer's Liability insurance policy to recoup the losses it sustained as a result of McDonald's misconduct and self-dealing, but the insurance carrier initially denied coverage. On September 7, 2016, the parties stipulated to allow McDonald to amend his Answer to assert third-party claims against the Federal Insurance Company – Chubb Group of Insurance Companies ("Federal" and/or "Chubb") regarding its denial of insurance coverage to MFFK and McDonald. Thereafter, MFFK went to mediation with McDonald and Chubb on September 20, 2016, and again on December 8, 2016. The parties were able to reach a confidential global settlement agreement to resolve this matter, wherein Chubb paid MFFK a total of \$387,500 and McDonald's benefactors made a charitable donation of \$262,500 to MFFK on his behalf. Based upon Defendants satisfaction of their settlement obligations, MFFK's claims against McDonald were dismissed with prejudice.

MFFK further learned of an approximately \$350,000 breach of contract action that Med Lien filed against third party lien and medical services entities, Solution Providers Associates, its principal, Dr. John Nelson, and Centennial Medical Imaging. MFFK intervened as a Plaintiff in that action and Med Lien concedes MFFK would be entitled to any proceeds recovered as a result of that litigation. On or about June 20, 2017, the parties agreed to resolve the matter for the sum of \$460,000, with \$68,000 to be paid on or before September 1, 2017, monthly payments of no less than \$5,500 for October, November and December 2017, and an additional balloon payment to bring the total paid to \$100,000 on or before January 1, 2018. That agreement was formalized in writing and included confessions of judgment, which may be taken in the event of default. Defendants are presently in default but have expressed a desire to restructure their payment plan and cure the default. However, Defendants have been unable to reach their counsel for several months in order to finalize the transaction. The parties are currently awaiting the court's guidance but in either case, have the option of filing and recording the default judgment and then pursuing collection.

Additionally, MFFK, as a lienholder, was served with two separate interpleader actions, wherein the total amount of the liens for medical treatment and services exceeds the amount of the settlement funds available. Accordingly, it is up to the court to determine how the proceeds should be divided based on the number of parties that answer the complaint. Accordingly, on March 21, 2017, MFFK filed its Answer in *Glen Lerner Injury Attorneys v. Cleveland Powe, et al.*, Case No. A-16-745663-C, and on April 6, 2017, MFFK filed its answer in *Glen Lerner Injury Attorneys v. William Woods, Sr. et al.*, Case No. A-17-751653-C, in order to protect its right, interest, entitlement and/or benefit to the settlement funds based upon its existing lien. While MFFK is zealously pursuing all avenues of financial recovery with respect to losses sustained as a result of the Med Lien loan, the likelihood of success in collecting on the full amount owed is subject to a number of

9. LEGAL MATTERS (cont.)

unresolved variables. Thus, the timing and full extent of collection remains unknown at this point and all balances have been written off.

In the months leading up to March 2019, disputes arose regarding the compensation and benefits package to which retired Miracle Flights CEO, Ann McGee and her husband, William McGee, are entitled. On August 1, 2019, McGee filed suit against MF seeking injunctive and declaratory relief with respect to the enforceability and validity of certain employment and/or consulting agreements related to her compensation and seat on the MF Board of Directors ("BOD").

MF has filed counterclaims alleging Breach of Fiduciary Duty, Constructive Fraud and Declaratory Relief against McGee, as well as claims for Constructive Trust and Unjust Enrichment against both Ms. McGee and her husband, William McGee. In a nutshell, MF alleges McGee fraudulently inflated her salary and that of her husband, which ultimately resulted in MF paying excessive retirement benefits. William McGee did not have a written agreement formalizing the compensation and retirement benefits to which he is entitled. MF contends Ms. McGee unilaterally determined the benefits and compensation to which her husband was entitled. While Ms. McGee had a number of written employment agreements during her tenure with MF, determining which may be valid and should govern her retirement compensation and benefits is an issue presently before the court in the aforementioned litigation. In August of 2021, the district court granted Mrs. McGee preliminary injunctive relief requiring that MF continue paying her current retirement salary and benefits and that she be reinstated to the Board of Directors pending trial in this matter. MF sought reconsideration of that order, which was denied. MF has now filed a notice of appeal regarding the order reinstating Mrs. McGee to the Board. That appeal was recently referred to a mandatory settlement conference program. However, a settlement conference date has not yet been scheduled. Trial is currently set for August, 2022.

The organization is cooperating with the IRS to complete an audit of its financial records that has been ongoing for three years. All issues to date have been resolved favorably for Miracle Flights. The sole remaining issue is how the alleged transfer of ownership of fully funded annuity contracts bought for, the founder of the organization should have been reported. The Organization has accrued \$291,081 for the settlement of the taxes due attributed to this IRS audit.

10. RETIREMENT PLANS

In November 2015, the founders of the Organization retired. The Board of Directors agreed on a retirement plan for Ann McGee to be funded by the purchase of annuities totaling \$6,047,935, which would provide annual annuity payments to Mrs. McGee totaling an amount not to exceed 75% of her final salary during her lifetime. The Organization is the beneficiary of the annuities and upon her passing, the annuities will be transferred back to the Organization in the form of a contribution from Mrs. McGee's estate.

The Board of Directors also agreed on a retirement plan for Bill McGee to be funded by the purchase of annuities totaling \$1,145,090, which would provide annual annuity payments to Mr. McGee totaling an amount not to exceed 75% of his final salary during his lifetime. The Organization is the beneficiary of the annuities and upon his passing, the annuities will be transferred back to the Organization in the form of a contribution from Mr. McGee's estate. Mr. McGee's retirement plan is under no contractual obligations.

The annuities were purchased to cover Ann and Bill McGee's retirement liability. Although the annuities are held in the name of Miracle Flights, the Organization is contractually obligated to leave Ann McGee's annuities intact until the events described above occur.

The Organization's Board of Directors have also agreed to fund the health insurance of Ann and Bill McGee, for their lifetime, as part of their retirement arrangement.

11. SECURED LINE OF CREDIT

On April 8, 2020, the Company entered into a Credit and Security Agreement with a financial institution. The Company has a \$4,000,000 secured line-of-credit. The obligation is secured by the Company's assets and matures April 3, 2021. The balance as of April 30, 2021 totaled \$950,000. The interest on the unpaid principal is payable monthly at a rate of interest equal to the Overnight LIBOR-Based Rate which shall be equal to the greater of 1.50% or sum of Overnight LIBOR plus the Rate Margin. The unpaid principal is due at maturity. Interest expense as of April 30, 2021 is de minimus.

12. OFFICER SALARY

Mark Brown, CEO of Miracle Flights receives compensation via an annual salary, 20% of Mr. Brown's salary is allocated to MFFK Holdings Inc. for the role of on-site manager.

13. RESTRICTED CASH

The restricted cash is to be used for program flights in certain geographic regions including Texas, Southern Nevada, and Pennsylvania.

14. PPP LOAN

On May 2, 2020, the Organization received \$261,782 loan from the federal government under the Paycheck Protection Program "PPP loan". The funds borrowed are 100% forgivable if used on certain expenses during the period ending September 30, 2020. The Organization has filed for and has been approved for such PPP loan to be fully forgiven effective July 26, 2021.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through March 21, 2022, the date the financial statements were issued.



MIRACLE FLIGHTS AND AFFILIATE (A NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION) SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL POSITION CONSOLIDATION APRIL 30,2021

ASSETS

	Miracle Flights		MFFK Holdings, Inc		Elimination		Consolidated	
Assets								
Cash and equivalents	\$	485,713	\$	214,987	\$	-	\$	700,700
Cash - with donor restrictions		34,635				-		34,635
Accounts receivable		294		10,267		-		10,561
Investments in marketable securities		41,208,956		12		=		41,208,956
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		14,130		689,867		-		703,997
Land, building and equipment, net		17,670		9,752,339		-		9,770,009
Intercompany affiliate		5,936,428				(5,936,428)		
Total assets	\$	47,697,826	\$	10,667,460	\$	(5,936,428)	\$	52,428,858

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

	Miracle Flights		MFFK Holdings, Inc		Elimination		Consolidated	
Liabilities								
Account payable	\$	45,518	\$	34,288	\$		\$	79,806
Accrued liabilities		343,621		_		1-		343,621
Secured line of credit		950,000		=		-		950,000
Prepaid rent		-		50,752		-		50,752
Tenant security deposits		-		37,085		-		37,085
Intercompany affiliate				5,936,428		(5,936,428)		
Total liabilities		1,339,139		6,058,553		(5,936,428)		1,461,264
Net assets								
Without donor restrictions		46,324,052		4,608,907		:=:		50,932,959
With donor restrictions	5000	34,635				-		34,635
Total net assets	-	46,358,687		4,608,907		-		50,967,594
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	47,697,826	\$	10,667,460	\$	(5,936,428)	\$	52,428,858

MIRACLE FLIGHTS AND AFFILIATE (A NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION) SCHEDULE OF ACTIVITIES CONSOLIDATION APRIL 30,2021

	Miracle Flights		MFFK Holdings, Inc		Elimination*	Consolidated	
Revenues, and other support	17800		172			d).	122 ((0
Contributions	\$	432,660	\$	-	\$ -	\$	432,660
In-kind contributions		627,401					627,401
Total contributions		1,060,061			-		1,060,061
Special events		3,871		-	-		3,871
Other income		-		-	-		-
Rental income				1,915,756	(277,500)		1,638,256
Other support		3,871		1,915,756	(277,500)		1,642,127
Total support	***************************************	1,063,932		1,915,756	(277,500)	-	2,702,188
Functional expenses							
Program services							
Program services		2,101,711		-	(33,300)		2,068,411
Program services in-kind		-					
Total program services		2,101,711		-	(33,300)		2,068,411
Support services							
Fundraising services		205,740		=			205,740
Management and administrative		895,230			(244,200)		651,030
Total support services		1,100,970		=	(244,200)		856,770
Total functional expenses	-	3,202,681	3-	•	(277,500)		2,925,181
Building expenses	-			1,201,609			1,201,609
Total expenses		3,202,681		1,201,609	(277,500)		4,126,790
Other income							
Investment income, net of fees		644,774		24	1-70		644,798
Other income / (expense)		(21,129)		5,088	1.50		(16,041)
Interest expense		(6,878)					(6,878)
Realized loss on investments		1,894,676		-	-		1,894,676
Unrealized loss on investments		6,985,614		-	_		6,985,614
Total other income		9,497,057		5,112			9,502,169
Change in net assets		7,358,308		719,259	-		8,077,567
Net assets, May 1, 2020	N-	39,000,379		3,889,648	<u> </u>		42,890,027
Net assets, April 30, 2021	\$	46,358,687	\$	4,608,907	\$ -	\$	50,967,594

^{*} The elimination entry of \$277,500 is to remove the related party rents paid from Miracle Flights to MFFK Holdings, Inc for fiscal year April 30, 2021.